# ALIMA, CENTRE DE NUTRITION SOCIALE PÉRINATALE ALIMA, PERINATAL SOCIAL NUTRITION CENTRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2025

# ALIMA, CENTRE DE NUTRITION SOCIALE PÉRINATALE ALIMA, PERINATAL SOCIAL NUTRITION CENTRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2025

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To the Members of Alima, Centre de nutrition sociale périnatale Alima, Perinatal Social Nutrition Centre

#### **Opinion**

I have audited the financial statements of Alima, Centre de nutrition sociale périnatale / Alima, Perinatal Social Nutrition Centre (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2025, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

## **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements in Canada, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.





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Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

ie Dule CPA INC.

Montreal, May 27, 2025



Statement of Operations Year Ended March 31, 2025

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	2025	 2024
Revenues		
Contributions (Schedule A) Self-generated revenues (Schedule B) Interest income	\$ 2,109,267 323,768 5,007	\$ 1,988,195 272,457 3,729
	2,438,042	2,264,381
Expenses		
Amortization - capital assets Dietary intakes (Note 12) Insurance Electricity and heating Communications and website Donations of clothing, goods and grocery cards (Note 12) Membership dues Repairs and maintenance Office supplies Bank charges Travelling and representation expenses Training Investment management fees Intervention materials Salaries and fringe benefits Computer services Professional fees Taxes and permits	14,583 254,391 24,235 9,968 5,766 33,586 10,908 21,053 7,822 5,602 6,667 11,764 13,406 14,254 1,772,569 49,726 248,569 9,626	15,381 228,635 20,265 8,467 42,899 7,254 12,098 21,939 10,934 4,812 7,467 11,775 14,135 2,169 1,770,774 47,438 200,410 12,617
Telecommunications	9,178	 8,258
	 2,523,673	2,447,727
Deficiency of revenues over expenses before other revenues	(85,631)	(183,346)
Investment income (Schedule C)	 82,099	85,587
Deficiency of revenues over expenses before expenses assumed by the net assets subject to internal restriction	(3,532)	 (97,759)
Expenses assumed by the net assets subject to internal restriction (Note 9)  Brand image  Consulting fees - building	-	75,000 22,117
	(5)	97,117
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$ (3,532)	\$ (194,876

The accompanying notes and additional information are an integral part of these financial statements.

ALIMA, CENTRE DE NUTRITION SOCIALE PÉRINATALE ALIMA, PERINATAL SOCIAL NUTRITION CENTRE

Page 5 Changes in Net Assets Year Ended March 31, 2025

	Res	Restricted	Res	Restricted	In	Invested				
	for p	for special projets	for buildi	for major building works	in	in capital assets	Unre	Unrestricted		2025 Total
Balance, beginning of year	↔	20,000	₩	427,883	↔	152,084	€	503,870	€	1,103,837
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over expenses		*		ï		(14,583)		11,051		(3,532)
Investment in capital assets		Ē.		Ē		4,726		(4,726)		S # C
Balance, end of year	€9	20,000	₩	427,883	↔	142,227	€	510,195	€9	1,100,305
	Res for pi	Restricted for special projets	Res for buildi	Restricted for major building works	In	Invested in capital assets	Unre	Unrestricted		2024 Total
Balance, beginning of year	€	95,000	↔	450,000	€	153,380	€	600,333	↔	1,298,713
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		(75,000)		(22,117)		(15,381)		(82,378)		(194,876)
Investment in capital assets		X		ť		14,085		(14,085)		С
Balance, end of year	↔	20,000	₩	427,883	€	152,084	↔	503,870	<del>69</del>	1,103,837

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2025

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	 2025	 2024
Assets		
Current assets Cash Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable (Note 4) Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$ 410,404 1,237,367 19,094 58,554 25,969	\$ 457,398 1,169,608 22,237 56,792 28,451
	1,751,388	1,734,486
Capital assets (Note 5)	186,489	152,084
	\$ 1,937,877	\$ 1,886,570
Liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable (Note 6) Deferred contributions (Note 7)	\$ 272,264 521,046	\$ 221,453 561,280
	793,310	782,733
Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 8)	44,262	=
	837,572	782,733
Net assets		
Restricted for special projects (Note 9)	20,000	20,000
Restricted for major building works (Note 9)	427,883	427,883
Invested in capital assets	142,227	152,084
Unrestricted	510,195	503,870
	1,100,305	1,103,837
	\$ 1,937,877	\$ 1,886,570

On behalf of the Board,

Director

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended March 31, 2025

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		2025	2024
Operating			
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$	(3,532)	\$ (194,876)
Non-cash items:			
Amortization of capital assets Interests and distributions funds capitalized to		14,583	15,381
investments cost		(45,821)	(39,093)
Loss (Gain) on disposal of investments		114	(27,626)
Unrealized gain on investments		(36,392)	 (18,868)
		(71,048)	(265,082)
Net change in non-cash items related to operating			
activities (Note 10)		14,440	416,390
		(56,608)	151,308
Investing			
Net change in short-term investments		14,340	15,119
Acquisition of capital assets		(48,988)	 (14,085)
		(34,648)	 1,034
Financing			
Deferred contributions related to capital assets		44,262	-
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	(46,994)	152,342
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		457,398	305,056
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	410,404	\$ 457,398

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash.

## 1. Purpose and legal form of the organization

The Organization was incorporated under Part III of the Québec Companies Act as a notfor-profit organisation and is a registered charity under the income Tax Act. Its mission is to foster optimal infant health through social nutrition interventions with pregnant women in precarious situations, one pregnant woman, infant and family at a time.

## 2. Significant accounting policies

The Organization applies the Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts recognized as revenues and expenses for the periods covered. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The critical estimates relate to the impairment of financial assets and the useful lives of capital assets.

#### Revenue recognition

#### Contributions

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when they are received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### Investment income

Investment transactions are recognized on the transaction date and the income derived therefrom is recognized on an accrual basis. Interest income is recognized as a function of time, while fund distribution and dividends are recognized on the declaration date. Realized gains (losses) on investments are recognized when they occur.

#### Other income

Other income is recognized when there is a persuasive evidence resulting from an agreement that goods have been delivered and received by the customer, that prices are fixed of determinable, and that ultimate collection is reasonably assured.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Donated goods and services

Donations of goods and services are recorded as revenue and expense in the financial statements when the fair value can be reasonably estimated.

Volunteers contribute numerous hours each year to the organization to help it carry out its service delivery activities. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, these contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### Pension plan

The organization participates in a contributory multi-employer defined benefit plan. Payments made to the plan are charged to expenses annually. Accounting for defined contribution plans is applied to the presentation of the financial information presented in the financial statements of the organization.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory includes milk, eggs and vegetables coupons which are distributed for free and is found at the lower of cost and replacement value. Cost is determined using the first-in first-out method.

# Capital assets

Capital assets are accounted for at cost. Amortization is calculated on their estimated useful life using the declining balance method at the following rates:

	Rates
Building	2.5%
Office equipment	20%
Telephone system	20%
Computer equipment	30%

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The Organization's policy is to present bank balances under cash and cash equivalents, including bank overdrafts when bank balances that fluctuate frequently from being positive to overdrawn, and term deposits with a maturity period of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Financial instruments

#### *Initial measurement*

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in arm's length transactions at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions, except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the Organization is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost.

## Subsequent measurement

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value of these financial instruments are recognized in net income in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost using the straight-line method include cash, accounts receivable and grants receivable.

Financial assets measured at fair value include investment funds.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable.

#### 3. Short-term investments

	Cost	2025		2024
Cash brooker	\$ -	\$ -	\$	373
Investment funds:				
- Money-market fund	68,627	68,627		40,066
- Canadian fixed-income securities	908,585	939,559		911,460
- Non-Canadian fixed income				
securities	37,250	37,103		35,183
- Non-traditional investment				
strategies	188,654	192,078		182,526
	-			
	\$ 1,203,116	\$ 1,237,367	\$_	1,169,608

The manager investment manages the portfolio investments in accordance with the investment policy approved by the Board of Directors to optimize the investment income so the organization will be able to meet its future obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2025

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# 4. Accounts receivable

		2025	 2024
Accounts receivable Sales taxes receivable	\$	8,006 11,088	\$ 773 21,464
	\$	19,094	\$ 22,237

# 5. Capital assets

			2025		2024
		Ac	cumulated	Net	Net
	Cost	am	ortization	book value	book value
Land	\$ 52,222	\$	_	\$ 52,222	\$ 52,222
Building	182,556	•	82,229	100,327	57,504
Office equipment	33,063		27,244	5,819	7,269
Telephone system	13,542		12,611	931	1,163
Computer equipment	99,570		72,380	27,190	33,926
	\$ 380,953	\$	194,464	\$ 186,489	\$ 152,084

# 6. Accounts payable

	2025	2024
Accounts payable Salaries and vacations payable	\$ 101,232 171,032	\$ 81,871 139,582
	\$ 272,264	\$ 221,453

## 7. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions represent unexpended grants externally restricted which are intended to cover the activities expenses related to the subsequent year. Changes in the deferred contributions balance are as follows:

		2025		2024
Balance, beginning of the year	\$	561,280	\$	197,500
Less: amounts recognized as revenue in the year		(445,472)		(250,000)
Plus: amounts received related to the following year		449,500		613,780
Less: amounts used for the acquisition of capital assets		(44,262)		-
Balance, end of year	\$	521,046	\$	561,280
Summary				
Centre intégré universitaire de santé et de services sociaux du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal - Foster Economic Inclusion and Social Participation measure 13.1	\$	_	\$	157,530
- Government Policy for Health Prevention measure 1.3	Ψ	£	Ψ	50,000
<ul><li>Public Health Measure 2.1.3.4 Support for food security initiatives</li><li>SIPPE immigrant clientele pilot project</li></ul>		63,308 62,500		-
Ministère de la Santé et des Serivces sociaux - Nutritious and economical food basket		12,000		-
Centre intégré de santé et de services sociaux de la Montérégie-Centre - Deployment of perinatal social nutrition services for Montérégie-Est		15 000		
Private foundations		15,000 112,500		112,500
McConnell Foundation - Renovation of spaces at Maison Higgins		255,738		200,000
OLO Foundation - Credits related to dietary intakes purchases				26,250
Montréal - Métropole en santé - Conseil du Système alimentaire montréalais, Integrated Action Plan 2023-2025		æ.		15,000
	\$	521,046	\$	561,280

#### 8. Deferred contributions related to capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent restricted contributions used to acquire improvements to the building. The contributions will be amortized and recognized as revenue using the declining balance method at a rate of 2.5%. The changes in the deferred contributions balance for the year are as follows:

	2025			24
Contributions allocated to the acquisition of capital				
assets - McConnell Foundation	\$	44,262	\$	-

#### 9. Internal restrictions

As of March 31, 2025, the amounts previously allocated by the Board of Directors are detailed as follows:

	Balance March 31, 2024		Change in allocations		Uses		Balance March 31, 2025		
Restricted assets									
Collective kitchen	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$		175.5	\$	20,000

During the previous financial year, the organization used an amount of \$22,117 in funds allocated for major work on the building. The net assets allocated to major building works therefore amounted to \$427,883 as of March 31, 2025.

The organization may not use these internally restricted amounts for any other purpose without the approval of the Board of Directors.

## 10. Net change in non-cash items related to operating activities

	2025			2024		
Accounts receivable	\$	3,143	\$	36,683		
Inventory		(1,762)		(48,777)		
Prepaid expenses		2,482		(382)		
Accounts payable		50,811		65,086		
Deferred contributions		(40,234)		363,780		
No.	\$	14,440	\$	416,390		

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2025

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#### 11. Pension plan

The organization participates in a multi-employer contributory defined benefit plan which is administered by another agency. The benefits of the plan are funded in a pension fund for the benefit of all plan members. The organization's contribution to the plan amounts to \$90,150 (\$101,280 in 2024). Since this is an interagency plan for which the amount of obligation attributable to each participating entity cannot be quantified, the organization is unable to account for this plan as a defined benefit plan, and the rather, it accounts as a defined contribution plan. The plan's annual report provides information on the plan's surplus or deficit. There is no change in the contractual elements of the plan.

#### 12. Non-monetary transactions

During the year, the organization received, as an affiliated member of the OLO Foundation, credits to purchase eggs, milk and vegetables with a value of \$161,625 (\$168,295 in 2024) and grocery cards with a value of \$27,500 (0 in 2024). The organization also received donations of dietary intakes, goods and grocery cards valued at \$60,385 (\$33,163 in 2024). Also, Moisson Montréal distributed to the organization 8,692 (6,805 in 2024) kilos of foodstuffs representing a total value of \$68,583 (\$52,809 in 2024). These transactions have been accounted for at the exchange value which is the amount of the counterpart established and agreed between the parties.

#### 13. Financial instruments

#### Financial risks

The significant risks arising from financial instruments to which the Organization is exposed as at March 31, 2025 are detailed below.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Organization's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Some of the Organization's financial instruments expose it to this risk, which comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed-interest rate financial instruments. Fixed interest rate instruments subject the Organization to a fair value risk, since fair value fluctuates inversely to changes in market interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2025

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# 13. Financial instruments (continued)

#### Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Organization is mainly exposed to other price risk through its investments funds which invests in quoted shares for which the value fluctuates with the quoted market price.

## 14. Comparative figures

Certain figures for 2024 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in 2025.

Additional Information Year Ended March 31, 2025

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	 2025		2024		
chedule A - Contributions					
Centre intégré universitaire de santé et de services sociaux du Centre-Sud-de-l'Île-de-Montréal  - Operating  - Public Health Measure 3.1 (SIPPE-SCEF)  - Foster Economic Inclusion and Social Participation measure 13.1  - Public Health Measure 2.1.3.4 Support for food security initiatives  - Government policy for health prevention measure 1.3  - Feeding together the future of families	\$ 446,675 173,401 157,530 11,692 50,000	\$	434,932 168,842 170,000 - 50,000 125,000		
Centre intégré de santé et de services sociaux de la Montérégie-Centre - Deployment of perinatal social nutrition services for Montérégie-Est	15,000				
Public Health Agency of Canada - Canada Prenatal Nutrition Program (CPNP)	275,395		275,395		
Canada Summer Jobs	4,801		4,936		
Centraide - Operating - Asylum seeker emergency fund	350,795 75,000		350,795 75,000		
OLO Foundation - Credits related to dietary intakes purchases (Note 12) - Grocery cards (Note 12) - Breastfeeding equipement	161,625 27,500 4,853		168,295 - -		
Montréal - Métropole en santé Conseil du Système alimentaire montréalais, Integrated Action Plan 2023-2025	35,000		15,000		
Association pour la santé publique du Québec - Nurturing the inclusion of ethnocultural diversity among pregnant immigrant women in Montreal	125,000		-		
Peter McGill Community Council - Kitchen Corners Project	15,000		-		
Private foundations	 180,000		150,000		
	\$ 2,109,267	\$	1,988,195		

Additional Information Year Ended March 31, 2025

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	2025	2024	
Schedule B - Self-generated revenues			
Donations Donations in kind (Note 12) Expertise services Other income	\$ 180,375 128,968 10,053 4,372	\$	174,933 85,972 9,304 2,248
	\$ 323,768	\$	272,457
Schedule C - Investment income			
Interest and fund distributions Unrealized gain on investmen Loss (Gain) on disposal of investments	\$ 45,821 36,392 (114)	\$	39,093 18,868 27,626
	\$ 82,099	\$	85,587